## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Dear Members,

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their 11<sup>th</sup> Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended March 31, 2021.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS

Summary of Financial Results of the Company is as follows:

Destinulose	(Rs	. In Crs)
Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Turnover	0.23	95.57
Profit/(loss) before Depreciation, Interest, Taxes	(27.71)	44.82
Less: Depreciation, amortization and obsolescence	61.03	56.06
Profit before interest & Tax	(88.74)	(11.24)
Less: Interest	(7.93)	(7.83)
Profit before tax	(96.67)	(19.07)
Less: Provision for tax	-	0.31
Profit after tax from continuing operations	(96.67)	(19.38)
Profit for the period carried to the balance sheet	(96.67)	(19.38)
Add: Balance brought forward from previous year	180.24	199.62
Add: Transfer from Tonnage tax reserve to General reserve	4.48	-
Balance available for disposal (which directors appropriate as follows)	88.05	180.24

## YEAR IN RETROSPECT & STATE OF AFFAIRS:

The gross sales and other income for the financial year under review were Rs. 0.36 crore as against Rs. 97.05 crore for the previous financial year registering a decrease of 99.63%. The profit after tax from continuing operations including extraordinary and exceptional items was Rs. (96.67) crore for the financial year under review as against Rs. (19.38) crore for the previous financial year. The drop in the turnover and profit is on account of vessel not available for operation due to ongoing repair work post an accident last year on 8<sup>th</sup> March, 2020.

## COVID-19 update

Last year to some extent repair work was affected on account of the COVID-19 pandemic. This was mainly on account of a disruption in the logistics-related issues. A taskforce was set up comprising members of both JV partners, to constantly review the repair work to ensure that measures were continuously implemented to keep repair schedule intact and employees safe while also ensuring business continuity.

The Company implemented safety and hygiene protocols like wearing of face masks, social distancing norms, workplace sanitation and employee awareness programs at its offices and vessel. The protocols are regularly reviewed and updated based on revisions in guidelines received from authorities concerned from time to time.

## **CAPITAL & FINANCE:**

Shareholding of the company as on March 31, 2021 stood as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the Shareholders	No. of Shares	Percentage
1.	L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited	95,311,850	60
2.	Sapura Nautical Power Pte. Ltd.	63,541,233	40
	TOTAL	158,853,083	100

## **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE:**

As at March 31, 2021 the gross fixed assets stood at Rs. 1207.24 crores and the net fixed assets at Rs. 568.97 crores. There is a Capital Expenditure of Rs. 0.05 crores during the year on account of purchase of computers.

## **DEPOSITS**

The Company has neither accepted any deposits from public during the year under review nor there are any deposits outstanding as of March 31, 2021.

## PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE, GUARANTEES GIVEN OR SECURITY PROVIDED BY THE COMPANY:

The Company has not given any loan, guarantees or security & has not made any investment during the year.

## PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

All the related party transactions during the year were in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length. The Board had approved all the related party transactions for the FY 2020-21.

A Statement containing details of all material transactions/ contracts/ arrangements are mentioned in Note No.3.4 forming part of the financial statements.

## AMOUNT TO BE CARRIED TO RESERVE:

The Company is not required to create any reserve other than tonnage tax reserve, as Company is under Tonnage Tax Scheme of the Income Tax Act. In line with the requirement of Tonnage Tax Scheme, the Company has transferred Rs.Nil (PY Nil) to tonnage tax reserve.

## **DIVIDEND:**

Considering the liquidity position of the Company, Directors do not recommend any dividend for the year ended March 31, 2021.

## **DEPOSITORY SYSTEM:**

The Ministry vide its notification dated 10<sup>th</sup> September 2018, requires certain companies to facilitate dematerialization of all its existing securities and has mandated that the stake of promoters, directors and key managerial personnel should be held in demat form.

As on March 31, 2021, 60% of the Company's total paid up capital representing 95,311,850 no. of shares are in dematerialized form. Further, the Ministry has prohibited the physical transfer of securities. Hence, members holding shares in physical mode are advised to avail of the facility of dematerialization.

The report on reconciliation of share capital audit from Practicing Company Secretary has been submitted by the Company within stipulated time.

# MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY, BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT:

There is no material change and commitment affecting the financial position of the company, between the end of the financial year and the date of the report.

## CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

	As at 31.03.2021 (In INR Cr)	As at 31.03.2020 (In INR Cr)
Foreign currency earnings:		
Charter hire income	Nil	61.84
Sale of scrap	Nil	Nil
Other	Nil	33.73
Total foreign currency earnings	Nil	95.57
Foreign currency expenditure:		
		_
Stores, spares and consumables	0.68	3.48
Operating expenses	15.56	32.64
Interest	7.85	7.74
Others	2.36	5.31
Total foreign currency expenditure	26.45	49.17

Though functional currency is USD we have considered currencies other than INR as foreign exchange.

## **RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY**

The Company has formulated a risk management policy and has in place a mechanism to inform the Board Members about risk assessment and mitigation procedures and periodical review to ensure that executive management controls risk by means of a properly designed framework.

## CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE:

The Company has validly constituted a CSR committee as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and rules thereunder. The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee met once in financial year 2020-21 on September 23, 2020.

The disclosures required to be given under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(1) of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 are given in Annexure 'A' to the Board report.

In view of the notification issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has dissolved the CSR Committee of the Board on 21<sup>st</sup> April, 2021 and all the functions of the CSR Committee shall be discharged/monitored by the Board.

The Chief Financial Officer of the Company has certified that CSR funds so disbursed for the projects have been utilized for the purposes and in the manner as approved by the Board.

The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy is disclosed on the Company's website at www.lntsapura.com.

## DIRECTORS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND APPOINTMENT/RESIGNATIONS DURING THE YEAR:

## A. Directors of the Company for the period under review -

- 1. Mr. Reza Bin Abdul Rahim (Mr. Manish Purohit appointed as Alternate Director)
- 2. Mr. K. S. Balasubramanyam
- 3. Mr. Satish N. Palekar
- 4. Mr. Srivatsan Rajagopalan
- 5. Mr. C. S. Kole
- 6. Mr. Phanindhar Chivukula

## **B.** Directors appointed/resigned/Ceased during the year:

During the year under review, Ms. Savitrii M. Dadich and Mr. Ungku Suleiman were appointed as independent directors for a term of one year w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

Mr. Phanindhar Chivukula vacated the office as an Alternate Director to Mr. Reza Bin Abdul Rahim and Mr. Manish Purohit was appointed as an Alternate Director in his place.

Furthermore, Mr. Phanindhar Chivukula was appointed as an Additional Director w.e.f. January 15, 2021 to hold office upto the date of the ensuing AGM. The notice convening the AGM will include resolution for his appointment.

During the year under review, Mr. Vivek Arora resigned from the Board on 25<sup>th</sup> November, 2020. Ms. Savitrii M. Dadhich completed her term of 1 year as an independent director on March 31, 2021 and consequently ceased to be an Independent Director of the Company. Mr. Ungku Suleiman, Independent Director of the Company ceased to be the Independent Director w.e.f. February 24, 2021 due to his death. The Board of Directors place on record its appreciation for the contributions made by them during their tenure of directorship.

Mr. K. S. Balasubramanyam and Mr. Reza Rahim retire by rotation and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

## C. Key Managerial Personnel:

The following are the Key Managerial Personnel as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013:

- a) Mr. Bidyut Protap Dutta, Chief Executive Officer
- b) Ms. Neelu Chowdhary, Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Rahul N. Sinnarkar resigned as Company Secretary w.e.f. March 31, 2021.

## NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Company has held its Board meetings in compliance with the relaxations provided under the MCA Circular dated 24th March 2020. During the year under review three Board meetings were held which were on May 08, 2020; September 23, 2020 and January 15, 2021.

The Agenda of the Meetings are circulated to the Directors in advance as per the provisions of the Act. Minutes of Meetings of the Board of Directors were circulated amongst the Members of the Board for their perusal and comments.

## VIGIL MECHANISM:

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013, the company has voluntarily established a vigil mechanism framework for directors and employees to report genuine concerns. The said policy is also available on the website of the Company. (Link: <u>http://www.lntsapura.com/company/vigil-mechanism-policy.aspx</u>)

## **COMPANY POLICY ON DIRECTOR APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION:**

Company follows its ultimate parent, Larsen & Toubro Limited, policy on director's appointment and remuneration including recommendation of remuneration of the key managerial personnel and other employees and the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director.

## **DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:**

The Board of Directors of the Company confirms:

- i) In the preparation of Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- ii) The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period;

- iii) The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) The Directors have prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis; and
- v) The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and were operating effectively.

## **ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS:**

The Company has designed and implemented a process driven framework for Internal Financial Controls ('IFC') within the meaning of the explanation to Section 134(5) (e) of the Companies Act, 2013. For the year ended March 31, 2021, the Board is of the opinion that the Company has sound IFC commensurate with the nature and size of its business operations and operating effectively and no material weaknesses exist. The Company has a process in place to continuously monitor the same and identify gaps, if any, and implement new and / or improved controls wherever the effect of such gaps would have a material effect on the Company's operations.

## **INTERNAL AUDIT:**

The Internal Auditor monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of the internal control system of the Company, its compliances with operating systems and accounting procedures and policies of the Company. The observations and corrective measures are presented to the Board.

## PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF THE BOARD, ITS COMMITTEES AND DIRECTORS:

The Company has already instituted a process of formal annual evaluation of the performance of the Board, committees, its individual directors and chairperson. It includes circulation of questionnaires to all Directors for evaluation of the Board and its Committees, Board composition and its structure, its culture, Board effectiveness, Board functioning, information availability, etc. These questionnaires also cover specific criteria and the grounds on which all directors in their individual capacity will be evaluated.

The inputs on the evaluation process given by majority of the directors were discussed in the meeting of the Board of Directors held on April 21, 2021 as per schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013.

## <u>COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD MEETINGS AND GENERAL</u> <u>MEETINGS:</u>

The Company has duly complied with Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Board Meetings and General Meetings.

## **MEETING OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR'S:**

Due to the unfortunate demise on Mr. Ungku Suleiman, Independent Director of the company, the meeting of independent directors was not held during the year under review.

## **PROTECTION OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE:**

The parent company Larsen & Toubro Limited (L&T) has formulated a policy on 'Protection of Women's Rights at Workplace' which is applicable to all group companies. This has been widely disseminated. There were no cases of sexual harassment received in the Company during FY 2020-21.

Presently the Company has Internal/Local Complaints Committees under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 consisting of appropriate balance of members.

## AUDITORS' REPORT AND REPORTING OF FRAUDS:

The Auditors' Report to the Shareholders does not contain any qualification, observation or comment or remark(s) which has an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.

The Auditors of the Company have not reported any fraud as specified under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

## **SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT:**

The Board had appointed Ms. Naina Desai, Practicing Company Secretary, as the Secretarial Auditor of the company under Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2021.

The Secretarial Audit Report in Form MR-3 is attached as Annexure 'B'. The same does not contain any qualifications, reservations or comments.

## AUDITORS:

M/s. M. P. Chitale & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm's registration no. 101851W), were appointed as statutory auditors for a term of 5 years form conclusion of the 10<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting till conclusion of the 15<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting.

The Certificate from M/s M. P. Chitale & Co. has been received to the effect that they are eligible to act as auditors of the Company and their appointment is within the limits as prescribed under Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### ANNUAL RETURN:

As per the provisions of section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Return of the Company for the financial year 2020-21 is available on our website www.lntsapura.com.

## DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS:

During the year under review, there were no material and significant orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:**

Your Directors take this opportunity to thank the customers, supply chain partners, employees, Financial Institutions, Banks, Central and State Government authorities, Regulatory authorities and all the various stakeholders for their continued co-operation and support to the Company. Your Directors also wish to record their appreciation for the continued co-operation and support received from the Joint Venture partners.

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-Sd/-DirectorDirectorS.N. PalekarPhanindhar ChivukulaDIN: 07152099DIN: 07208150

Date: May 4, 2021 Place: Mumbai

#### ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2020-21

## **1.** A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken:

The Company is committed to discharging its Social Responsibility through:

- a. Promotion of social equity and partner with communities in Health care, education and skill-building
- b. Provide corporate sponsorship in support of Innovative and caring community programmes and service for deprived community groups.

Our 'CSR' approach is based on the dedicated involvement of our employees, who get as much value out of the initiatives, as the recipient. The focus areas for the Company are given below.

- a. Education
- b. Skill building
- c. Health & Sanitation

While the focus of CSR efforts will be in the areas mentioned above, the Company however may also undertake projects where societal needs are high or in special situations (such as in the case of natural disasters etc.). CSR Policy of the Company is available on the Company's website- <u>http://www.lntsapura.com/company/csr.aspx</u>

## 2. Composition of the CSR Committee:

In view of the notification issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has dissolved the CSR Committee of the Board on 21st April, 2021 and all the functions of the CSR Committee shall be discharged/monitored by the Board.

## 3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the company.

https://www.lntsapura.com/company/csr.aspx

4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report).

Not Applicable

5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount

## required for set off for the financial year, if any:

SI. No.	Financial Year		Amount required to be set- off for the financial year, if any (in Rs)
	NA	NA	NA
	TOTAL		

6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5).

Rs. 2,70,97,900

7.	(a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Rs. 5,41,958
	(b)Surplus arising out of the CSR - projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years.	NOT APPLICABLE
	(c) Amount required to be set off for - the financial year, if any	NOT APPLICABLE
	(d) Total CSR Obligation for the - financial year (7a+7b+7c)	Rs. 5,41,958

8.

a. Amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)							
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year.		nt transferred CSR Account on 135(6).	Amount transferred to any fund specifie under Schedule VII as per second provis to section 135(5).					
(in Rs.)	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer			
	NIL	None	None	NIL	None			

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		(11)
SI. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act	Local area (Yes/ No)	Locat proje	ion of the	Project duration	Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the current financial Year (in Rs.)	Amount	Mode of Impleme ntation - Direct (Yes/No)		Implementation – Dementing Agency
				State	District						Name	CSR Registration number
1.												
2.												
3.												
	TOTAL											

## b. Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year: Not Applicable

## c. Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

SI. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of	Local area (Yes/ No).	Location of the project.				Amoun t spent for the project	Mode of implemen tati on	Mode implemen Through i agency.	of tation – mplementing
		activitie s in schedul e VII to the Act.		State.	District.	(in Rs.).	- Direct (Yes/No)	Name.	CSR registrat ion number.		
	Swasth Foundation Project	Health	Yes		Greater Mumbai	541,958	Yes	NA	NA		
	TOTAL					541,958					

## d. Amount spent in Administrative Overheads : Nil

- e. Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable : NIL
- f. Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): Rs.

5,41,958

g. Excess amount for set off, if any

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	5,41,958
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	5,41,958
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Nil
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	Nil

#### 9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: NA

SI. No.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CS R Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.)	specified und section 135(	ler Sched 6), if any Amount	Amount remaining to be spent in succeedin g financial years. (in Rs.)
1.						
2.						
3.						
	TOTAL					

## (b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s): Not Applicable

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
SI. No.	Proje ct ID	Name of the Project	Financial Year in which the project was commenc ed	Project duratio n	Total amoun t allocat ed for the project (in Rs.)	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year. (in Rs)	Cumulativ e amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Status of the project - Completed / Ongoing
1.	*******							
2.								
3.								
	TOTAL							

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details) Not Applicable

(a)Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s)

(b)Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset

- (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc
- (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset)

## 11. **Reasons for not spending the amount during the financial year –** Not Applicable

PHANINDHAR CHIVUKULA DIRECTOR (DIN: 07208150) SATISH PALEKAR DIRECTOR (DIN: 07152099)

Date: Mumbai Place: 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2021

## M. P. Chitale & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Hamam House, Ambalal Doshi Marg, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001 • Tel : 22651186/ 22653023 / 24 • Fax : 2265 5334 • E-mail : office@mpchitale.com

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF L&T SAPURA SHIPPING PRIVATE LIMITED

#### **Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements**

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Financial Statements of L&T Sapura Shipping Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income) and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, notes to the Ind AS Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Indian Accounting Standards (the "Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31,2021, the changes in equity, its loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income) and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SA) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further prescribed in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in the audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report :

1. Accident on board the Company's Vessel (Refer Note 3.14)

On March 08, 2020 there was an accident on board the Company's Vessel, involving an uncontrolled boom movement of the main crane causing the boom to collapse into the sea along with the jacket. Subsequently, the Vessel returned to port and sailed to ASL Shipyard Batam where the repair activities are going on. As a result, there was no utilization of the vessel during the year and having significant impact of the revenue stream of the Company. This event does not have any impact on the "Going Concern" accounting assumption followed by the Company.

#### Our Response

- We have been informed by the management of that the company has estimated the cost of repairs and also lodged the claim with insurance companies. During the year the vessel moved to a shipyard at Batam, Indonesia. This year the damaged thruster was repaired and is reinstated on the vessel. The crane repairs are in progress. Basis the perusal of the minutes of the Board Meeting, regular updates of the repairs work and the insurance claim has been reported to JV partners from time to time.
- The consistency and appropriateness of the management estimates and assumptions used for arriving at the recoverable amount of insurance claim was discussed with the management.
- Considered the appropriateness of the suitable disclosures in the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021.

#### Information Other than the Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for preparation of other information. The other information comprises information included in the Management discussion and analysis, the Directors' Report including Annexures to Directors' Report (collectively called as "Other information") but does not include the Ind AS Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Other information, if, we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matters to those charged with governance.

## **Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act,2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of state of affairs (financial position),changes in equity, profit or loss(financial performance including other comprehensive income) and cash flows and of the company of in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rules 7 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143 (3) (i) of Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## **Other Matter**

The comparative Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2020 were audited by M/s Sharp and Tannan, Chartered Accountants, who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements in their Auditor's Report dated May 08, 2020.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- (i) As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 ("the order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of the Section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- (ii) As required by sub-section (3) of the section 143 of the Act, we report that :
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statement comply with the Indian Accounting Standards referred under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended,
- (e) On the basis of written representations from the Directors as on March 31, 2021 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, in its meeting held on May 04, 2021 none of the Directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021, from being appointed as a Director u/s 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Further, our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements;
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197 (16) of the Act, as amended:In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company as no managerial remuneration has been incurred by the Company.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Ind AS Financial Statements – Refer note 3.11 to the Ind AS Financial Statements;
  - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses - Refer note 3.12 to the Ind AS Financial Statements;

 (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company - Refer note 3.10 to the Ind AS Financial Statements;

For M. P. Chitale & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 101851W

Anagha Thatte Partner ICAI Membership No.: 105525 UDIN : 21105525AAAADD6398 Place : Mumbai Date : May 04, 2021

## ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE INDAS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF L&T SAPURA SHIPPING PRIVATE LIMITED

(Referred to in paragraph (i) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date to the Members of the Company)

We report that:

- i) (a) The Company is maintaining proper records to show full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of all fixed assets.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us fixed assets were physically verified during the year by the management and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification as compared to the book records.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not hold any immovable properties. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i) (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company normally carries out inventory verification at the end of the year, however physical verification of inventory was not carried out by the company at the year-end as the ship was in shipyard in cold lay-up mode for re-pairs due to its accident in previous year.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships and other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, paragraphs 3(iii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable.
- iv) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities granted in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public in terms of provisions of Sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013.

- vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, pursuant to the rules prescribed by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to maintain cost records in respect of services rendered by the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees state insurance, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, Goods and Service tax, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues as applicable with appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees state insurance, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, Goods and Service Tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues outstanding as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the company, the particulars of income tax, value added tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of excise and duty of custom which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute as at March 31, 2021 are as follows.

Name of the statute	Nature of the disputed dues	Amount (Rs. In Crores)		Forum where disputes are pending
Income Tax Act 1961	Dispute with regards to addition of tonnage income to book profit u/s 115JB.	6.33	AY 2016-17	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals)

viii) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither availed any loans nor made borrowings

from financial institutions, banks or Government as at the balance sheet date. The Company has not issued debentures. Hence, this clause 3 (viii) of the Order pertaining to default is not applicable to the Company.

- ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, on an overall basis the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Further, no terms loans were taken during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of representation of the management which we have relied upon, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the records, no managerial remuneration has been paid within the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- xii) Since the Company is not a nidhi company, this clause is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act as applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
- xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private allotment shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review.
- xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with directors.

xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For M. P. Chitale & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 101851W

Anagha Thatte Partner ICAI Membership No.: 105525 UDIN : 21105525AAAADD6398 Place : Mumbai Date : May 04, 2021

## ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF L&T SAPURA SHIPPING PRIVATE LIMITED

(Referred to in paragraph (ii) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date to the Members the Company)

## Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements of L & T Sapura Shipping Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Ind AS Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of the Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS Financial Statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may

become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For M. P. Chitale & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 101851W

Anagha Thatte Partner ICAI Membership No.: 105525 UDIN : 21105525AAAADD6398 Place : Mumbai Date : May 04, 2021

#### L&T Sapura Shipping Private Limited Balance sheet as at Mar 31, 2021

Balance sheet as at Mar 31, 2021   articulars Note As at 31-03-2021 As at 31-03-2020						
		Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	
ASSETS:			NS III CI S			
Non- current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	1		568.95		643.76	
Intangible assets	1.1		0.03		0.05	
			0.05		0.05	
Long term loans and advances	2		-		0.15	
Other non-current assets	3		6.41		7.83	
Total Non Current Assets			575.39		651.80	
Current assets						
Inventories	4		23.88		35.37	
Financial Assets	-	44.20		115 00		
Trade receivables	5	44.30		115.69		
Cash and cash equivalent Other financial assets	6	0.80		23.60		
Other financial assets	7	44.64	89.74	0.20	120.40	
			89.74		139.49	
Other current assets	8		29.86		13.20	
Total Current Assets	Ŭ		143.48		188.06	
					100.00	
TOTAL ASSETS			718.87		839.86	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:						
EQUITY:						
Equity Share Capital	9	158.85		158.85		
Other equity	10	255.81		368.94		
Total Equity			414.66		527.79	
LIABILITIES:						
Current liabilities						
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings	11	271.13		273.12		
Trade payables	12	32.81		37.56		
		52.01	303.94	57.50	310.68	
Other current liabilities	13		0.27		1.40	
Total Current Liabilities			304.21		312.08	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			718.87		839.86	
As per our report attached				For and on behalf of	f the Board	
M P Chitale				L&T Sapura Shipping	g Private Limited	
Chartered Accountants						
Firm's Registration No.						
by the hand of						
			Director		Director	
A						
Anagha Thatte			<b>D</b> !   .	Dutte	Neely Charry U	
Partner				: Dutta	Neelu Chowdhary	
Membership No.			Chief E>		Chief Financial Officer	
Place : Mumbai			Place: N	/Jumbai	Place: Mumbai	
Date:			ridee. r		. aser manbur	

#### L&T Sapura Shipping Private Limited Statement of profit and loss for the quarter and period ended Mar 31, 2021

·			₹ Crore
Particulars		Ye	ear Ended
		March 31, 2021	
		(Audited)	March 31, 2020 (Audited)
REVENUE:		(	
Revenue from operations		0.23	95.57
Other income		0.13	1.48
Total Income		0.36	97.05
EXPENSES:			
Operating expenses:			
Stores, spares and tools consumed		0.71	4.01
Other operating expenses		22.87	41.91
Finance costs		7.93	7.83
Depreciation, amortisation and obsolescence expenses		61.04	56.06
Other expenses		4.49	6.31
T-4-1		07.04	110.10
Total expenses		97.04	116.12
Profit before exceptional items and tax Exceptional items		(96.68)	(19.07)
Profit / (loss) before tax		(96.68)	(19.07)
Tax expenses: Current tax	1	_	0.31
	Ι		
Profit for the period		(96.68)	(19.38)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that may be reclassified to Profit & loss			
Foreign currency transalation reserves		(16.45)	45.96
Total Other Comprehensive Income		(16.45)	45.96
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		(113.13)	26.58
Basic earnings per equity share (Rs)		(6.09)	(1.22)
Diluted earnings per equity share (Rs)		(6.09)	
Face value per equity share (Rs)		10.00	10.00
			I
As per our report attached		For and on behalf of	
M P Chitale		L&T Sapura Shipping	g Private Limited
Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.			
by the hand of			
		Director	Director
Anagha Thatte			
Partner	Bidyut Du		Neelu Chowdhary
Membership No.	Chief Exec	cutive	Chief Financial Officer
Place : Mumbai Date:	Place: Mu	mbai	Place: Mumbai

	L&T SAPURA SHIPPING PRIV Cash Flow Statement for the year er			
	Particulars		As at 31-03-2021 Rs	As at 31-03-2020 Rs
١.	Cash flow from operating activities			
	Profit/(loss) before tax		(96.68)	(19.07)
	Adjustments for: Depreciation		60.14	59.79
	Unrealised Gain / (Loss) on foreign currency translation		1.43	(1.26)
	Allowances for doubtful debts		0.19	2.83
	Finance Cost		7.93	7.83
	Interest received		-	(1.05)
	Operating profit before working capital changes		(26.99)	49.07
	(Increase) / decrease in trade receivable		67.29	(38.40)
	(Increase) / decrease in short term loans and advances		(61.54)	23.07
	(Increase) / decrease in inventory		3.27	(0.06)
	(Increase) / decrease in long term loans and advances		(0.07)	2.27
	Increase / (decrease) trade payables		(3.91)	5.23
	Increase / (Decrease) Short-term provisions Cash (used in) / generated from operations		(21.96)	41.18
	Direct taxes refund/ (paid) net		0.70	(3.22)
	Net cash (used in) / from operations activities	[A]	(21.26)	(3.22) 37.96
	Net tash (asea in / nom operations activities	101	(22:20)	
П.	Cash flow from investing activities			
	Purchase of fixed assets		(0.05)	(16.40)
	Interest received		(0.01)	0.95
	Net cash flow (used in) / from investing activities	[B]	(0.06)	
111.	Cash flow from financing activities			
	Repayment of long term borrowing		0.17	(33.11)
	Interest paid on term loan	[0]	(0.85)	(4.74)
	Net cash flow (used in) /from financing activities	[C]	(0.68)	(37.85)
	Net (decrease)/Increase in cash & cash equivalents	[ A+B+C ]	(22.00)	(15.34)
	Cash & cash equivalents at beginning of the year		23.60	35.58
	Unrealised gain/(loss) on cash and cash equivalents		(0.80)	3.36
	Cash & cash equivalents at end of the year		0.80	23.60
Note				
	Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out "Statement of cash flows" as specified in the Companies (Indian Accounting St Cash & cash equivalents are reflected in the balance sheet as follows:		ing Standard (Ind AS) 7 2020-21	7: 2019-20
	a) Cash & cash equivalents disclosed under current assets [Note no. 6]		0.80	2019-20
	b) Cash & cash equivalents disclosed under non current assets [Note no.2]			
			0.80	23.60
' 3 4 5	Direct Taxes paid are treated as arising from operating activities and are not b Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever applicable. Effective April 1, 2017, the Company adopted the amendment to Ind AS 7, wh of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financig a cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconciliation between the opening ar from financing activities ,to meet the disclosure requirement. The adoption of a statements.	hich require the entitie activities, including bot nd closing balances in 1	es to provide disclosure th changes arising from the Balance Sheet for	es that enable users n cash flows and non liabilities arising
	As per our report attached M P Chitale	For and on behalf of t	the Board	
	Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.			
		Director		Director
	Anagha Thatte			
	Partner	Bidyut Dutta		Neelu Chowdhary
	Membership No.	Chief Executive		Chief Financial Officer
	Place:	Place: Mumbai		Place: Mumbai
	Date :			

#### L&T SAPURA SHIPPING PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of changes in Equity

OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	Tonnage Tax Reserve	Profit & Loss Account	Foreign Currency Transalation Reserve	Total
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Balance as at 01-04-2019	22.96	199.62	119.78	342.36
Profit for the year	-	(19.38)	-	(19.38)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	45.96	45.96
Appropriations				-
Balance as at 31-03-2020	22.96	180.24	165.74	368.94
Profit/(Loss) for the period ended Mar 2021	-	(96.68)	-	(96.68)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	(16.45)	-16.45
Appropriations	(4.48)	4.48		-
Balance as at 31-03-2021	18.48	88.04	149.29	255.81
M P Chitale Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.			L&T Sapura Shipping Privat	e Limited
by the hand of				
			Director	Director
Anagha Thatte				
Partner				
Membership No.			Bidyut Dutta Chief Executive	Neelu Chowdhary Chief Financial Officer
Place : Mumbai				
Date:			Place: Mumbai	Place: Mumbai

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS

#### 1 Property, Plant and Equipment

Total

Particulars		Gross Block				4	Accumulated Depreciatio	n		Net B	lock
	As at 01-04-2020	Additions during the year	Disposal of Assets	As at 31-03-2021	As at 01-04-2020	Depreciation charge for the year	Adjustments for conversion	Disposal of Assets	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Ship	1,138.13	-	-	1,138.13	531.21	57.76	-0.85	-	588.12	550.01	627.92
Dry dock	15.25	-	-	15.25	0.76	3.10	-0.05	-	3.81	11.44	15.65
Equipments on Board	46.42	-	-	46.42	45.89	0.13	-	-	46.02	0.40	0.17
Computers	0.22	0.05	-	0.27	0.19	0.03	-	-	0.22	0.05	0.01
Furniture & Fixtures	0.05	-	-	0.05	0.05	-	-	-	0.05	-	0.01
Office Equipment's	0.06	-	-	0.06	0.04	-	-	-	0.04	0.02	0.00
Electrical Installations	0.03	-	-	0.03	0.02	0.01	-	-	0.03	-	0.00
Major Spares#		7.03		7.03						7.03	-
Total	1,200.16	7.08	-	1,207.24	578.16	61.03	(0.90)	-	638.29	568.95	643.76
Particulars		Gross Block					Accumulated Depreciatio			Net B	
	As at 01-04-2020	Additions during the year	Disposal of Assets	As at 31-03-2021	As at 01-04-2020	Depreciation charge for the year	Adjustments for conversion	Disposal of Assets	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs		Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs		Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Software	0.12	-	-	0.12	0.06	0.02	-0.00	-	0.08	0.03	0.05
	0.112		l	0.112	0.00	0.02	0.00		0.00	0.00	

0.06

0.02

-0.00

-

0.12

0.05

0.03

0.08

# During the year, Rs. 7.03 crores of capital spares were regrouped from inventory to PPE as they confirm to the recognition of PPE criteria under Ind AS 16. Further, depreciation shall be charged on these spares from the time they are available for use.

-

-

0.12

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS

	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
	Rs in Crs	 Rs in Crs
Capital advance	-	0.1
	-	

#### 3 Other Non Current Assets

	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Long term advances receivable		
Service tax refund receivable	0.71	0.74
GST receivable	-	-
IncomeTax Prior Years	4.20	3.06
Income Tax Current years	-	2.49
Other Receivables	1.50	1.54
	6.41	7.83

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS

#### 4 Inventories

	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Inventory-spares, consumables * <b>Total</b>	23.88 23.88	35.37 <b>35.37</b>
* Kindly refer note number 1.	 	
5 Trade Receivables		

	As at 31-03-2021 Rs in Crs	As at 31-03-2020 Rs in Crs
<u>Considered good - Unecured</u> Sapura Offshore Sdn Bhd L & T Hydrocarbon Engineering Ltd Estimated Credit Loss	36.94 10.47 -3.11	62.77 55.95 -3.03
Total	44.30	115.69

#### 6 Cash and Bank Balances

	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Cash & Cash equivalents		
Balances with Bank Current Accounts	0.80	3.89
Cash on hand	-	0.03
Fixed Deposit	-	19.68
Total	0.80	23.60

#### 7 Current - Other financial assets

	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
	Rs	Rs
Insurance claim receivable	44.45	
Interest accrued on FD	-	0.01
Security deposit	0.19	0.19
Total	44.64	0.20

#### 8 Other Current Assets

		As at 31-03-2021 Rs in Crs		<b>As at 31-03-2020</b> Rs in Crs
		RSIIICIS		RSINCIS
Net Balance with government authorities Others:		11.39		10.96
Advances to Suppliers Prepaid Insurance	16.59 1.88		0.93 1.25	
Prepaid Expenses	0.00	18.47	0.06	2.24
Total		29.86		13.20

		As at 31-03-2021		As at 31-03-2020		
9	Equity Share Capital					
	Authorised	Numbers of shares	Rs in Crs	Numbers of shares	Rs in Crs	
	Authorised Equity Share Capital	15,88,53,083	158.85	15,88,53,083.00	158.85	
	Issued	15,88,53,083	158.85	15,88,53,083	158.85	
	Subscribed and fully Paid up Equity Share Capital	15,88,53,083	158.85	15,88,53,083	158.85	

#### **Reconciliation of equity shares:**

	As at 31-03-2021		As at 31-03-202	20
Particulars	Numbers of shares	Rs in Crs	Numbers of shares	Rs in Crs
		015		015
Subscribed and fully paid up at the beginning of the year	15,88,53,083	158.85	15,88,53,083	158.85
Add: Equity shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Subscribed & fully paid up at the end of the year	15,88,53,083	158.85	15,88,53,083	158.85

#### Shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares as at the end of the year

Name of the shareholder	As at 31-03-20	21	As at 31-03-2020	
		Sharehold		Sharehold
		ing %		ing %
	Numbers of shares		Numbers of shares	
L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Ltd (Holding				
Company)	9,53,11,850	60%	9,53,11,850	60%
	-			
Sapura Nautical Power Pte Ltd		40%		40%
(100% subsidiary of Sapura Energy Berhad)	6,35,41,233		6,35,41,233	
	15,88,53,083	100%	15,88,53,083	100%

\*(i) for the period of five years immediately preceding the date at which the Balance Sheet is prepared there are no shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, no shares allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares; and no shares bought back by the Company.

# 10 Other Equity

Particulars	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Tonnage Tax Reserve	18.48	22.96
Profit & Loss Account	88.04	180.24
Foreign Currency Transalation Reserve	149.29	165.74
Total	255.81	368.94

## 11 Current - Borrowings

#### 11 Unsecured Loans

Particulars	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Unsecured Loans		
L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited	155.46	160.90
Nautical Power Pte Ltd	103.64	107.27
Interest accrued	12.03	4.95
Total	271.13	273.12

-7.08

#### 11.1 Details of shareholders loan

Nature Amount Rate of interest		Terms of repayment of term	
271.13	3%, fixed	Repayble by 28th Dec 2021.	
-			

### **Financial Liabilities**

### 12 Current - Trade payables

Particulars		As at 31-03-2021		As At 31.03.2020
		Rs in Crs		Rs in Crs
Due to related parties				
Larsen & Toubro Limited	0.18		0.11	
L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited			3.58	
Sapura Offshore Sdn Bhd		0.18	0.13	3.82
Due to Others				
Liability for Revenue Goods	0.05		5.37	
Suppliers Ledger - Revenue goods / services	13.64		19.76	
Liability for Services	18.94	32.63	8.59	33.72
		32.81		37.54

#### **13** Other Current Liabilities

<u>Particulars</u>	As at 31-03-2021 Rs in Crs	As At 31.03.2020 Rs in Crs
<b>Other Payables</b> TDS payable	0.27	0.92
GST Payable Total	- 0.27	0.48 <b>1.40</b>

#### 14 Revenue from operations

		For the year ended 31.03.2021		For the year ended 31.03.2020
		Rs in Crs		Rs in Crs
Sale & Services:				
Charter hire income		-		61.84
Other Operational Revenue				
Miscellaneous Income	0.23	0.23	33.73	33.73
Total		0.23		95.57

#### 15 Other Income

	For the year ended 31.03.2021	For the year ended 31.03.2020
Interest on Fixed Deposit Interest on Income tax refund	Rs in Crs 0.01 0.12	Rs in Crs 1.05 0.43
Total	0.12	1.48

## 16 Operating Expenses

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Stores and Spares & Consumables #	0.71	4.01
Other operating expenses:		
Fuel Cost	-	3.71
Engineering, Technical & inspection charges	1.95	3.08
Insurance - LTS 3000	6.03	2.75
General Repairs & Maintenance	-	-
Crew Wages & Related Expenses	9.43	26.60
Weather Forecast, Communication, Survey Cost	0.72	0.30
Deputation Cost	3.93	4.02
Catering, House Keeping & Disposal Cost	0.67	1.30
Books & Periodicals	0.12	0.15
	22.86	41.91
Total	23.57	45.92

# The major expense of FY 20-21 pertains to previous financial year

# 17 Finance cost

	For the year	For the year
	ended	ended
	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Interest Paid on Term Loans from Banks	7.90	7.79
Interest Others	0.04	0.03
Borrowing Cost Ancillary	-	0.01
Total	7.93	7.83

## 18 Other Expenses

	For the year	For the year
	ended	ended
	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
	Rs in Crs	Rs in Crs
Audit Fees (Refer note 3.6)	0.03	0.02
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses (Refer note		
3.7)	0.06	0.24
Bank Charges	0.04	0.06
Subscription & Membership Fees	0.16	0.15
Overhead Charges by Parent Company	0.29	0.45
Other Expenses	3.76	0.07
Telephone Postage & Telegrams	0.06	0.01
Travelling & Conveyance	-	-
Rates & Taxes	-	-
Rent - Office Premises	0.45	0.52
Director sitting fees (Refer note 3.4.4)	0.02	0.02
Professional & Consultancy Charges	0.37	0.27
Exchange Gain & loss Others	(0.92)	1.67
Expected Credit Loss provision	0.19	2.83
Total	4.49	6.31

## L&T Sapura Shipping Private Limited

## 1. General Information:

L&T Sapura Shipping Private Limited (LTSSPL) is a joint venture between L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited (LTHE) and Sapura Energy Berhad, Malaysia (Sapura) which has invested through its wholly owned subsidiary Sapura Nautical Power Pte Limited, Singapore (Nautical) (Erstwhile - Nautical Power Pte Limited, Singapore). LTHE holds 60% of the share capital and Nautical holds 40%. The registered office of the Company is at Mount Poonamallee Road, P.O. Box. No.979, Manapakkam, Chennai 600089.

The Company owns and operates a Heavy Lift cum Pipe Lay Vessel (HLPV) which is used for installation of offshore platforms and laying of pipes and cables under the sea for the Hydrocarbon Upstream Industry.

## 2. Significant accounting policies

## 2.1. Statement of compliance

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of sections 133 read with sub-section (1) of section 210A of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956). In addition, the guidance notes/announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) are also applied except where compliance with other statutory promulgations require a different treatment.

These financials statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on , 2021

## **2.2.** Key sources of estimation:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires that management of the Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of income and expenses of the period, the reported balances of assets and liabilities and the disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as on the date of the financial statements. Examples of such estimates include the useful lives of tangible and intangible fixed assets and allowance for doubtful debts/advances. Differences, if any, between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known.

## 2.3. Presentation of financial statements

The balance sheet and the statement of profit and loss are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The statement of cash flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash flows". The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the balance sheet and statement of profit and loss, as prescribed in the schedule III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of the financial statements along with the other notes required to be disclosed under the notified Accounting Standards.

## 2.4. Operating cycle for current and non-current classification

Operating cycle for the business activities of the company covers the duration of the specific project/contract/product line/service including the defect liability period, wherever applicable and extends up to the realisation of receivables (including retention monies) within the agreed credit period normally applicable to the respective lines of business.

#### 2.5 Revenue recognition

- The Company earns revenue by chartering out the vessel on time charter basis. The revenue under time charter is recognized based on the terms of the charter party agreement.
- Interest income is recognized at applicable rates on the fixed deposit with banks on accrual basis.
- Other items of income are accounted as and when the right to receive arises.

### 2.6 Foreign currencies

The functional currency of the Company is United States Dollar. The Company is in business of operating a specialised vessel. Its revenue and major items of costs are denominated in United States Dollars. Accordingly, the Company uses United States Dollar as its functional currency.

The presentation currency of the Company is Indian Rupee as the company is an Indian Company and has compliance requirements in India.

Company converts the balance sheet items from functional currency to presentation currency at the closing spot rate date except for share capital and statutory reserves. Items of profit and loss account are translated to presentation currency at the average rates. The resulting exchange differences are accounted in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign currency translation reserve.

### **Transactions and translations**

The balances in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the rate prevailing on the transaction date.

Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are accounted in the statement of profit and loss.

### 2.7 Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Costs directly attributable to acquisition are capitalized until the property, plant and equipment are ready for use, as intended by management. The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Ship	20 years
Equipment on board	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Computers	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Electrical installations	10 years

Depreciation is provided in the accounts based on useful life of assets as per schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation for additions to / deductions is calculated pro rata from / to the month of additions / deductions. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. The estimated useful

life and residual values are also reviewed at each financial year end and the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis.

Company carries out dry dock of its vessel once in five years. All the expenses pertaining to the dry dock activities in dry docking period are capitalised and depreciated over a period of 5 years as per IND AS 16.

Capital spares are recognised as Property Plant and Equipment if the recognition criteria under Ind AS 16 is met and are depreciated when they are available for use.

All other fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

### 2.8 Intangible assets and amortization

Intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are stated at original cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated amortisation and cumulative impairment. Administrative and other general overhead expenses that are specifically attributable to acquisition of intangible assets are allocated and capitalised as a part of the cost of the intangible assets. The intangible asset owned by Company consists of an accounting software and the estimated useful life for the same is 6 years.

### 2.9 Impairment of assets

## i. Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies a separate model of the expected credit loss, which involves use of a provision matrix constructed on the basis of historical credit loss experience as permitted under Ind AS 109 for recognizing impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, trade receivables and other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial assets, as follows:

• Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit-adjusted effective interest rate for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets). The Company estimates cash flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) through the expected life of that financial instrument.

• The Company measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. 12-month expected credit losses are portion of the lifetime expected credit losses and represent the lifetime cash shortfalls that will result if default occurs within the 12 months after the reporting date and thus, are not cash shortfalls that are predicted over the next 12 months.

### ii. Impairment of non-financial assets

As at the end of each accounting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, investment property, intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the said assets are tested for impairment so as to determine the impairment loss, if any.

Impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is determined at the higher of the net selling price and the value in use.

## 2.10 Financial instruments

Financial assets and/or financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes party to a contract embodying the related financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the assets or liabilities, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and presented on net basis in the balance sheet when there is a current legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and it is intended to either settle on net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 2.11.1 Financial assets

### i. <u>Classification of financial assets</u>

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

### ii. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement being recognised in profit or loss. <u>Financial assets are derecognized when:</u>

a. the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired, or

b. the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement; and

- the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount measured at the date of derecognition and the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.11.2 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, which are designated for measurement at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial liabilities including loans and borrowings are measured at amortised cost.

A financial liability is derecognised when the related obligation expires or is discharged or cancelled.

#### 2.12 Inventories

Inventories of stores, spares and consumables are valued, at the lower of weighted average cost or net realizable value.

#### 2.13 Cash and bank balances

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement comprise cash in hand, cash at bank and demand deposits with banks.

#### 2.14 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest expense calculated using the effective interest method.

#### 2.15 Taxes on income

Tax on income for the current period is determined as per Tonnage Tax Scheme of Income –tax Act 1961, and based on the expected outcome of assessments / appeals.

#### 2.16 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised for liabilities that can be measured only by using a substantial degree of - estimation, if:

- A) the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event,
- B) a probable outflow of resources is expected to settle the obligation and
- C) the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated.

Reimbursement expected in respect of expenditure required to settle a provision is recognised only when it is virtually certain that the reimbursement will be received.

Contingent liability is disclosed in case of:

- A) a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation
- B) a present obligation arising from past events when no reliable estimate is possible;

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

### 2.17 Cash flow statement

Cash flow statement is prepared segregating the cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flow from operating activities is reported using indirect method, adjusting the net profits for the effects of:

- i. transactions of a non-cash nature;
- ii. any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments; and
- iii. items of income or expense associated with investing or financing cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) shown in the statement of cash flows exclude items which are not available for general use as on the date of balance sheet.

### 2.18 Earnings per equity share

Basic earnings per equity share are computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

#### 2.19 Events after the reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date only of material size or nature are disclosed.

## 3. Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

3.1 Financial Instruments by category:

		(Rs in Crs)
Particulars	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
Measured at amortised cost		
Financial assets		
Trade receivables	44.30	115.69
Cash and cash equivalent	0.80	23.60
Other financial assets	44.64	0.20
Total financial assets	89.74	139.49
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	271.13	273.12
Trade payables	32.81	37.56
Total financial liabilities	303.94	310.68

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values due to their short term nature. The carrying amounts of borrowings taken for short term are considered to be close to the fair value. Items of Income, expenses, gains or losses related to financial instruments:

(Rs in Crs		
Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Net gains /(losses) on financial assets and financial		
Liabilities measured at fair value through profit or		
loss and amortised cost		
Financial assets measured at amortised cost:		
(ii) (allowance)/reversal for ECL during the year		
(iii) Exchange difference gains/(losses) on	(0.19)	(2.83)
revaluation or settlement of items		
denominated in foreign currency (trade	0.92	(1.67)
receivables, loans given etc.)		
Total	0.73	(4.50)

### Financial risk management

### **Financial risk factors**

In the course of its business, the Company is exposed primarily to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, liquidity and credit risk.

## (i) Foreign currency risk

The Company operates in an environment wherein a major portion of the business is transacted in USD and therefore USD is the functional currency of the Company. There is very minimal foreign exchange risk to which Company is exposed.

Particulars	31.03.2021		31.03.2020	
	INR	SGD	INR	SGD
Financial Assets				
Cash & Cash Equivalent	53,93,941	0	1,15,76,949	0
Other Financial Asset	18,90,816	0	18,90,816	0
Total Financial Assets	72,84,757	0	1,34,67,766	0
Financial Liabilities				
Trade Payables	1,78,96,679	204,103	5,26,06,741	14,23,616.
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>	1,78,96,679	204,103	5,26,06,741	14,23,616.

Currency wise exposure of the Company as of March 31, 2021 and March 31,2020 is as below (major traded currencies only)

## (i) (b) Interest rate risk

The Company does not have any interest rate risks since the loan taken from shareholders is at a fixed interest rate.

### (ii) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by the counterparty resulting in a financial loss. However, Company has limited counter party risk as entire trade receivable is from joint venture partners and their group entities.

The Company has only two customers being joint venture partners and their group entities. Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as we generally invest in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

#### (iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements.

The Company had initially taken loan from BNP Paribas, for purchase of vessel. In June 2017, the Company refinanced the said loan through loan from shareholders. As on balance sheet date, there is a liquidity risk to the Company as the share-holders loan obligation is due within a year and the Company's cash and cash equivalents as well as cash flow from operations are not sufficient to meet debt obligations. However, Company is confident it will meet its obligations as the loan is from shareholders and it will eventually either be rolled over, or refinanced though external borrowing.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial Liabilities as of March 31, 2021

Particulars (Rs. in Crs)	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year
Borrowings	271.13	

Trade payables	32.81	
Total	303.94	

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as of March 31, 2020:

		(Rs. in Crs)
Particulars	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year
Borrowings	273.12	-
Trade payables	37.54	-
Total	310.66	-

- 3.2 The Company operates only in one segment and hence operating segment disclosure is not applicable.
- 3.3 Disclosures pursuant to Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 12 "Income Taxes": Company is registered under Tonnage Tax Scheme which is a presumptive tax based scheme and hence the reconciliation of income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the income before income taxes is not applicable.
- 3.4 Disclosure of related parties/related party transactions pursuant to Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24 "Related Party Disclosures"
- 3.4.1 Names of the related parties with whom transactions were carried out during the year and description of relationship:

L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited Sapura Nautical Power Pte Ltd Larsen & Toubro Limited Sapura Offshore Sdn Bhd

Joint Venture Partner Joint Venture Partner Holding Company of Joint venture partner Associate of Joint Venture Partne

3.4.2 Disclosure of related party transactions:

		(Rs. in Crs)
Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Deputation charges, rent, and other backcharge recoveries		
L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited	14.34	6.19
Larsen & Toubro Limited	0.36	0.44
Sale of services	2020-21	2019-20
Sapura Offshore Sdn Bhd	0.51	58.19
L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited	0.89	40.99

The transactions involving Foreign Exchange are converted in INR at the conversion rate on the date of transaction.

3.4.3 Amount due to/from related parties:

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020
Accounts receivable		
Sapura Offshore Sdn Bhd	36.94	62.77
L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited	10.47	55.95
Estimated Credit Loss	(3.11)	(3.03)
Accounts payable		
L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited	-	3.58
Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	0.18	0.11
Sapura Offshore Sdn Bhd.	-	0.13
Loan payable to shareholders (incl. interest accrued)		
L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited	162.68	163.87
Sapura Nautical Power Pte Ltd	108.45	109.25

The balances involving Foreign Exchange are converted in INR at the conversion rate as on the balance sheet date.

## 3.4.4 Details of remuneration paid/payable to non -executive directors: (Amt in Rs. Crs)

FY 2020-2021

Name	Sitting fees for Board meetings	Sitting fees for committee meetings	Total
Late Mr. Ungku Suleiman	0.009	-	0.009
Ms. Savitri Dadhich	0.009	0.002	0.011

FY 2019-20

Name	Sitting fees for	Sitting fees for	Total
	Board meetings	committee meetings	
Mr. Ungku Suleiman	0.012	-	0.012
Ms. Savitri Dadhich	0.009	0.002	0.011

- 3.5 Disclosure pursuant to Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 1 "Presentation of financial Statements"
  - (a) Current assets expected to be recovered within twelve months and after twelve months from the reporting date:

	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Trade receivable	44.30	-	44.30	115.69	-	115.69
Cash and cash equivalent	0.80	-	0.80	23.60	-	23.60
Other financial assets	44.64	-	44.64	0.20	-	0.20
Other current assets	29.86	-	29.86	13.20	-	13.20
Inventories	3.46	20.42	23.88	1.13	34.24	35.37

(b) Current liabilities expected to be settled within twelve months and after twelve months from the reporting date:

Particulars	As at 31.3.2021			As at 31.3.2020		
	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Borrowings	271.13	-	271.13	273.12	-	273.12
Trade payables	32.81	-	32.81	39.29	-	39.29
Other current liabilities	0.27	-	0.27	1.40	-	1.40

## 3.6 Auditor's remuneration and expenses charged to accounts:

	<u> </u>	(Rs in Crs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Statutory audit	0.025	0.011
Tax audit	0.005	0.002
Certification	0.002	0.004
Total	0.032	0.017

3.7 Amount required to be spent by the Company on corporate social responsibility (CSR) related activities during the year is Rs. 0.05(previous year: Rs. 0.24). The amount recognized as expense in the statement of profit and loss on CSR activities is Rs 0.05 (previous year: Rs. 0.24).

(Rs.	in	Crs)
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	2020-21			2019-20	
In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
0.05	-	0.05	0.24	-	0.24

3.8 Basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) calculated in accordance with Accounting Standard 20-"Earnings per share" (Rs. in Crs)

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Basic and diluted:		
Profit after tax	(96.68)	(19.38)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	15.88	15.88
Basic and diluted EPS. (in Rs.)	(6.09)	(1.22)

3.9 There have been no transactions during the period with Micro, Small and Medium enterprises covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act 2006.

Note: The information has been given in respect of such vendors to the extent they could be identified as "Micro and Small" enterprises on the basis of information available with the Company.

- 3.10 There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection fund by the Company.
- 3.11 There are no pending litigations having impact on the financial position of the Company as on balance sheet date.
- 3.12 The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts, for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- 3.13 Tonnage tax

The Company pays its income tax as per the tonnage tax scheme ('the scheme') of the Income-tax Act, 1961.

3.14 Accident on board the Vessel

On 8 March 2020, there was an accident on board the Company's Vessel, involving an uncontrolled boom movement of the main crane causing the boom to collapse into the sea along with the jacket. Subsequently, the Vessel returned to port and was anchored in Mumbai. During the year the vessel moved to a shipyard at Batam, Indonesia. This year the damaged thruster was repaired and is reinstated on the vessel. The crane repairs is in progress.

3.15 Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary.

As per our report attached	For and on behalf of the	board
M P Chitale Chartered Accountants		
Firm's registration no.109982W	Director	Director

Anagha Thatte		
Partner	Bidyut Dutta	Neelu Chowdhary
Membership no.	Chief Executive	CFO
Place:	Place:	
Date:	Date:	